AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2020



AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Averill Park Central School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Averill Park Central School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Averill Park Central School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages A1- A9, budgetary comparison information on pages C1 and C2, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability on page C3, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) on page C4 and schedules of district contributions on page C5 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Averill Park Central School District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information on pages D1 - D3 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards on page F3 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

These supplemental schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 22, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Marvin and Company, P.C.

Latham, NY September 22, 2020

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2020

The following discussion and analysis of the Averill Park Central School District's (District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements; we encourage readers to consider the information presented here, in conjunction with information provided in the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Ongoing Financial Conditions:

- The District developed the 2020-21 budget with the knowledge and understanding that an in-year State Aid cut was likely to occur due to the State budget deficit and therefore the District incorporated contingency into both the 2020-21 revenue & expenditure budgets to adapt to such a State Aid reduction without negatively impacting instructional programs during the school-year.
- The District estimates the unplanned additional 2020-21 cost to operate in a COVID-19 environment will be in the range of \$400,000-\$500,000. These costs will include, physical space reconfigurations to accommodate for classroom social distancing, technology & professional development investments for remote learning, increased transportation cost to allow for social distancing on buses, the cost of health & safety equipment and supplies such as PPE and temperature screening devices and the increased cost of cleaning and disinfecting.
- The District has established sufficient reserves and unassigned fund balance to accommodate for a State Aid reduction and the cost increase associated with operating in a COVID-19 environment without adversely impacting the District's overall financial position in the short-term.
- Sustained State Aid reductions and/or a continued operation of school programs in a COVID-19
 environment beyond the 2020-21 school year will likely result in a depletion of reserves, the
 reduction of unassigned fund balance which will necessitate district-wide cost reductions and
 instructional program cuts.

Results of Operations:

- The District's 2019-20 actual revenues were \$273,274 less than budgeted. This revenue deficit
 was caused directly by the initial imposition of a State Aid reduction plan by State government
 officials which caused the District to defer \$312,390 of 2019-20 revenue. The \$312,390 aid was
 comprised by BOCES and Special Education aid payable to the District.
- Without the imposition of these 2019-20 aid payment holdbacks, the District would have ended the fiscal year 2019-20 with a \$39,116 positive revenue variance.
- Revenue accounts generating this positive variance included an additional \$111,402 that exceeded budget for various tuition & fees charged to other districts for services provided to their students in our District. New York State reimbursements for Medicaid eligible services provided to students, the education of students temporarily displaced from their district of residence, and services provided to students in State residential facilities located in the District generated a positive revenue variance of \$176,396.
- These positive revenue variances were offset by the deferment of a planned \$500,000 transfer from the Retirement Systems Reserve to the General Fund.

- The 2019-20 expenditure budget was approved for \$59,665,424, carryover encumbrances totaled \$456,589 and the Board of Education approved additional budgetary expenditures of \$299,646 bringing the total adjusted budget to \$60,421,659.
- District expenditures and encumbrances for the 2019-20 fiscal year concluded with a positive variance from budget of \$2,398,827 or about 3.97% of the revised \$60,421,659 budget.
- The positive expenditure variance primarily resulted from unexpended budgeted costs during the COVID-19 school shutdown period of mid-March through the end of school in June. Positive variances were generated during the shutdown period across all budget categories, but particularly in these areas: Operations & Maintenance realized significant utilization reductions in energy consumption, cleaning materials & supplies and substitute staffing; Transportation substantially underspent on bus fuel, bus repairs & maintenance and substitute staffing costs; Instructional Program cost reductions resulting from unexpended salaries and associated benefits from partially or fully cancelled program components and a reduction in substitute costs during the shutdown.
- Overall, while the District experienced a positive expenditure budget variance, the variance was
 lessened by certain unplanned cost related to the COVID-19 pandemic. These unplanned cost
 included the cost associated with Executive Orders requiring the District to provide for essentialworker childcare, the cost of which was \$56,545 and the provision of lunch & breakfast at no cost
 to students, resulting in a Food Service Program loss of about \$138,000 during the shutdown
 period which was offset by the General Fund.
- The District has continued its efforts to maintain its unassigned fund balance in order to strengthen its financial position for the future. The District's General Fund unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2020 was \$2,176,725, a decrease of \$273,221 from June 30, 2019. The June 30, 2020 fund balance is 3.57% of the 2020-21 General Fund budget.
- In addition to supporting a strong unassigned fund balance, the positive 2019-20 expenditure budget variance also allowed the District to increase designated reserves by \$1,618,773 in preparation for future fiscal challenges which may arise from potential State Aid reductions and/or the additional cost associated with operating school programs in a COVID-19 environment.
- The District issued a 5-year \$809,834 statutory installment bond at 2.11% to finance the purchase of eight school buses.
- The District's liability for compensated absences using the "Vesting Method" of accounting, increased by \$123,255 to \$1,956,905 as of June 30, 2020. The Board was previously funding a reserve equal to 100% of the compensated absences liability. As of July 1, 2020, the Board has determined that no more than 50% of this reserve will be funded, as there is a more than remote likelihood that 100% of this liability will ever become due at a single point in time.
- In 2011, the State Legislature and Governor enacted legislation applicable beginning with the 2012-13 school year, establishing a cap on the amount that a school district property tax levy can increase each year. Under this law, the growth in school tax levy will be capped a 2% or the rate of inflation, whichever is less, with some exceptions that allow the tax levy increase to exceed a 2%, but still to be considered within the tax levy cap for voting purposes. A school district tax levy that is within the cap threshold requires only a simple majority vote for approval. However, to raises taxes above the tax levy cap, requires a super majority (60% plus one yes votes) to approve the tax levy increase.
- In June 2020, the \$60,993,612, the Board of Education's 2020-21 proposed budget was approved by a 68% positive margin. The 2020-21 budget represented an increase of \$1,328,188, 2.23% from 2019-20 budget. Note: The budget vote would normally have occurred in May,

however due to an Executive Order, the May vote was moved to June and was conducted only via absentee ballot due to the coronavirus pandemic.

- For 2019-20 the tax levy inflation factor for school districts is 1.81% and the District's overall tax levy cap is 2.58%. In August 2020, the Board approved the 2020-21 tax levy of \$32,481,774 which was within the allowable levy limit and compliant with the requirement of the property tax relief credit program and as a result qualifying taxpayers will receive property tax relief credits as established by law.
- The District renewed its lease agreement with the Questar III BOCES through June 30, 2030 for use of the George Washington Elementary school, generating about \$200,000 in net revenue annually.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District's annual report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and the single audit section. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *District-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term and long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the District-wide statements.
 - The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

District-wide Statements

The *District-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the assets of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. retirement system liabilities and earned but unused vacation leave).

The District-wide financial statements can be found on pages B1 and B2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a group of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: government funds and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

District-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities exceeded assets by \$103.03 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Net Assets (in thousands of dollars)

		Fiscal Year <u>2020</u>	F	iscal Year 2019
Governmental Activities				
Current and other assets	\$	12,714	\$	11,735
Long-Term Receivables		0		85
Capital assets		52,350		55,475
Net Pension Assets		<u>3,400</u>		<u>2,420</u>
Total assets	\$	<u>68,464</u>	\$	<u>69,715</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Loss on Refunding		260		382
Pension – NYSLRS		4,089		1,270
Pension – NYSTRS		11,024		12,707
Other Post-Employment Benefits	8	<u>19,714</u>		<u>1,042</u>
Total Deferred Outflows		35,087		15,401
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows	\$	<u>103,551</u>	\$	<u>85,116</u>

Current Liabilities	\$	6,446	\$	6,606
Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	\$	<u>183,983</u> 190,429	\$	<u>154,006</u> 160,612
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Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pensions & OPEB	\$	16,144	\$	17,592
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	\$	33,274	\$	33,854
Restricted		5,988		4,632
Unrestricted		(142,284)		(131,575)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(103,022)	<u>\$</u>	(93,089)

Net Position decreased by \$9,932,768. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$18,434,473, total liabilities and deferred outflows of resources increased \$28,367,241.

The decrease in Net Position is substantially due to an increase of \$19,685,373 in Deferred Outflows of Resources. An increase of \$18,671,910 in Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) component was the primary element of the overall increase in Deferred Outflows of Resources.

The primary factor impacting the change in Liabilities was an increase in OPEB for retiree health insurance payable in the amount of \$28,211,007.

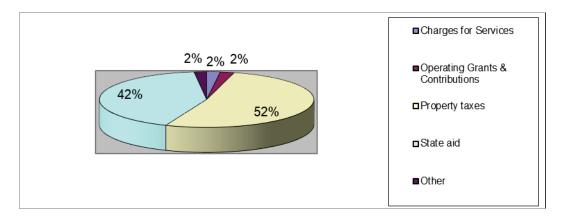
The District has reserved funds from unrestricted funds for the following purposes:

- Appropriated fund balance of \$780,000. The District has designated this portion for the subsequent year to reduce the tax levy.
- Reserve for encumbrances of \$435,464. Net assets within the General fund are reserved to pay for commitments at June 30 that will be reappropriated during the subsequent fiscal year.
- Retirement System Reserve of \$3,080,685. The District has reserved funds to pay for future Employees Retirement System cost.
- Retirement System Reserve TRS Sub-Fund of \$467,321. The District has reserved funds to pay for future Teachers' Retirement system cost.
- Workers' Compensation Reserve of \$715,039. The District has reserved funds to pay for future self-funded workers' compensation cost.
- Reserve for Debt of \$155,266. The District will use these funds to pay down debt.
- Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability of \$1,569,823. The District will use these funds to pay accrued employee benefits due upon an employee's separation from service.

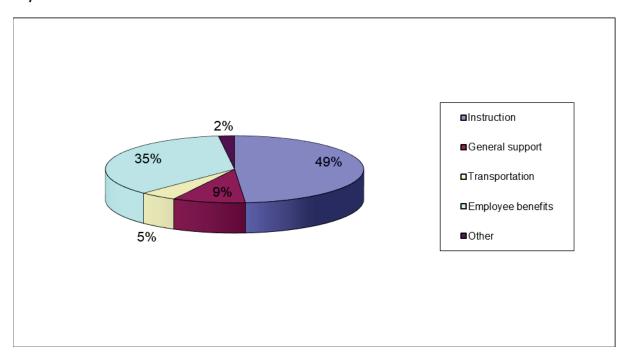
Statement of Activities (in thousands of dollars)

	F	iscal Year <u>2020</u>	Fis	scal Year <u>2019</u>
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$	1,240	\$	1,444
Operating Grants & Contributions		<u>1,283</u>		<u>1,449</u>
Total Program Revenues		<u>2,523</u>		<u>2,893</u>
General revenues				
Property taxes		31,633		30,846
State aid		25,479		25,264
Other		1,148		2,109
Total General Revenues		58,260		58,219
Total Revenues	\$	<u>60,783</u>	\$	<u>61,112</u>
Expenses				
General support	\$	6,441	\$	6,524
Instruction	,	34,411		33,871
Transportation		3,264		3,417
Employee benefits		25,179		19,410
Debt service – interest		597		643
Cost of sales – Food		<u>824</u>		<u>436</u>
Total Expenses	\$	<u>70,716</u>	\$	<u>64,301</u>
Total change in net position	\$	<u>(9,933)</u>		(3,189)

Sources of Revenues for Fiscal Year 2020



Expenses for Fiscal Year 2020



Financial Analysis of The District's Funds

As explained earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the fiscal year, cash and investments totaled \$10,627,546 comprising 15.52% of total district assets. \$6,036,627 of this amount is held to fund reserves established by the District with the balance available to pay current liabilities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For the year, final revenues were \$273,274 or .46% less than revised budgetary estimates and expenditures and encumbrances were under revised budgetary estimates by \$2,398,826 or 3.97%.

The District's unassigned fund balance of \$2,176,725 as of June 30, 2020 was 3.57% of the \$60,993,612 2020-21 budget a decrease of \$273,221 from the June 30, 2019 unassigned fund balance of \$2,449,946.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2020, the District had invested \$52,350,350, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$4,531,489. The District initiated a \$925,300 Smart Schools Bond Act project in 2017-18 to enhance safety and security which received NYS Education Department approval in 2019-20. The District also began pre-referendum planning activities for a district-wide capital project in 2018-19 that is anticipated to be presented for referendum vote in December 2020.

The following summarizes capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at June 30, 2020 and 2019:

		6/30/20		6/30/19
Land	\$	90	\$	90
Construction in progress		159		77
Buildings		47,781		50,887
Furniture and equipment		1,446		1,637
Land/site improvements		136		160
Licensed vehicles		2,738		<u>2,624</u>
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	<u>\$</u>	<u>52,350</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>55,475</u>

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2020, the District had \$181,003,479 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding, an increase of 116% from the prior year. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 3B, II to the financial statements.)

The following summarizes long-term debt at June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	6/30/20	6/30/19
Serial Bonds	\$ 15,450	\$ 17,830
Unamortized Premiums	1,535	1,896
Deferred amounts on refunding	(260)	(382)
Installment Purchase Debt	2,351	2,277

Other Post Employment Benefits	159,255		131,045
Workers Compensation	715		634
Compensated Absences	<u>1,957</u>		<u>1,834</u>
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 181,033	<u>\$</u>	155,134

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- In June 2020 the 2020-21 proposed \$60,993,612 budget was approved by the voters. The 2020-21 budget represented an increase of \$1,328,188 from the 2019-20 budget.
- The voter approved 2020-21 tax levy of \$32,481,774, an increase of 2.58% over the prior year tax levy.
- The State's adoption of a tax levy cap may impact the District's ability to raise the revenues necessary to maintain educational programs and support services.
- Enrollment is projected to decline which could negatively impact State and Federal aid.
- The District is experiencing an increase in the number of students qualifying for free & reduced price lunch.
- The District has maintained a consistent level of reliance on fund balance as a source of revenue.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, please contact:

Michael J. Ouimet, CPA Assistant Superintendent for Business Averill Park Central School District 146 Gettle Road, Station 1 Averill Park, New York 12018

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS

Cash - Unrestricted Cash - Restricted State and Federal Aid Receivable Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Other Receivables, net Inventories Capital Assets, net Net Pension Asset, Proportionate Share Total Assets Deferred Outflows of Resources Loss on Refunding Pension - ERS Pension - TRS OPEB Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ -	4,590,919 6,036,627 1,108,538 3,192 797,996 143,015 33,784 52,350,350 3,399,661 68,464,082 260,241 4,088,951 11,023,527 19,714,096 35,086,815						
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	103,550,897						
LIABILITIES	LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable Due to Other Governments Accrued Interest Payable Refundable Advances Due to Teachers' Retirement System Due to Employees' Retirement System Long-Term Liabilities - Due and Payable Within One Year Bonds Long-Term Liabilities - Due and Payable After One Year Bonds Compensated Absences Workers Compensation Other postemployment benefits payable Premium on Bonds Net Pension Liability, Proportionate Share Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension - ERS Pension - TRS OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	714,448 78 68,326 31,455 2,067,531 340,657 3,223,946 14,576,975 1,956,905 715,039 159,255,568 1,535,287 5,943,213 190,429,428 139,246 4,731,659 11,272,715 16,143,620						
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position	- - \$ _	33,274,383 5,988,134 (142,284,668) (103,022,151) 103,550,897						

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Program I		Net (Expense)		
	<u>Expenses</u>		Charges for <u>Services</u>		Operating <u>Grants</u>		Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs General Support Instruction Pupil Transportation Employee Benefits Interest Expense School Lunch Program	\$ 6,440,849 34,410,565 3,264,850 25,178,734 597,067 824,196	\$	- 961,343 - - - - 278,244	\$	- 939,720 - - - - 343,727	\$	(6,440,849) (32,509,502) (3,264,850) (25,178,734) (597,067) (202,225)
Total Functions and Programs	\$ 70,716,261	\$_	1,239,587	\$	1,283,447		(68,193,227)
General Revenues Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items Use of Money and Property Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss State Sources Federal Sources Miscellaneous							31,632,702 47,011 401,109 2,630 25,479,668 125,822 571,517
Total General Revenues and Special Items							58,260,459
Change in Net Position							(9,932,768)
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year							(93,089,383)
Total Net Position - End of Year						\$	(103,022,151)

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS Unrestricted Cash \$ 3,396,410 \$ 738 \$ 468,704 \$ 725,067 \$ - \$ 4,590,915 Restricted Cash 5,832,868 203,759 6,036,627 State and Federal Receivable 818,269 274,308 15,961 1,108,538 Due From Other Governments 797,996 797,996	
Unrestricted Cash \$ 3,396,410 738 468,704 725,067 - \$ 4,590,915 Restricted Cash 5,832,868 - - - - 203,759 6,036,627 State and Federal Receivable 818,269 274,308 15,961 - - - 1,108,538 Due From Other Governments 797,996 - - - - - 797,996	ASSETS
State and Federal Receivable 818,269 274,308 15,961 - - - 1,108,538 Due From Other Governments 797,996 - - - - - 797,996	Unrestricted Cash
	State and Federal Receivable
Due From Other Funds 1,978,918 41,234 149,049 - 51,507 2,220,708	Due From Other Funds
Other Receivables, net 143,015 - - - - 143,015 - - - 143,015 - - - - - - 33,784 - - - 33,784 - - - 33,784 - - - - 33,784 -	,
Total Assets \$ 12,967,476 \$ 316,280 \$ 667,498 \$ 725,067 \$ 255,266 \$ 14,931,587	Total Assets
LIABILITIES	LIABILITIES
Accounts and Retainages Payable \$ 710,217 \$ 4,205 \$ 26 \$ - \$ - \$ 714,446	Accounts and Retainages Payable
Due to Other Funds 311,624 311,729 577,002 917,161 100,000 2,217,516 Due to Other Governments - - - 78 - - - 78	
Due to Teachers' Retirement System 2,067,531 2,067,531	Due to Teachers' Retirement System
Due to Employees' Retirement System 340,657 - - - - - 340,657 Refundable Advances - 346 31,109 - - - 31,455	
Total Liabilities 3,430,029 316,280 608,215 917,161 100,000 5,371,685	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 312,390 - - - - - - 312,390	
FUND BALANCES Non-spendable - - 33,784 - - 33,784	
Restricted 5,832,868 155,266 5,988,134	Restricted
Committed	
Unassigned 1,2176,725 (192,094) - 1,984,631	
Total Fund Equity 9,225,057 - 59,283 (192,094) 155,266 9,247,512	Total Fund Equity
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity \$ 12,967,476 \$ 316,280 \$ 667,498 \$ 725,067 \$ 255,266 \$ 14,931,587	Total Liabilities and Fund Equity
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Total governmental fund balances per above \$ 9,247,512 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,	Total governmental fund balances per above
are not reported in the funds 52,350,350	are not reported in the funds
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, installment purchase debt, judgments and claims, and other postemployment benefits are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (177,056,489)	and other postemployment benefits are not due
Compensated Absences (1,956,905)	Compensated Absences
Accrued Interest (68,326	Accrued Interest
Net Pension Liability (5,943,213	Net Pension Liability
Net Pension Asset 3,399,661	Net Pension Asset
Net Deferred (inflows)/outflows related to net pension asset/liability adjustments 10,241,573	Net Deferred (inflows)/outflows related to net pensi
Net Deferred inflows related to OPEB adjustments (11,272,715)	Net Deferred inflows related to OPEB adjustments
Net Deferred outflows related to OPEB adjustments 19,714,096	Net Deferred outflows related to OPEB adjustments
Workers' Compensation Benefit Claims (715,039)	Workers' Compensation Benefit Claims
Deferral of non exchange revenue earned in the current year is recognized as revenue under full accrual accounting 312,390	Deferral of non exchange revenue earned in the cu
Deferred bond cost is recorded as an expense in the fund financial statements, but is amortized over the life of the bond under full accrual accounting 260,241	•
Bond premium is recorded as revenue in the fund financial statements, but is amortized over the life of the bond under full accrual accounting (1,535,287	
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ (103,022,151	NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Special Aid Fund	_	School Lunch Fund	_	Capital Fund	_	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues									
Real Property Taxes and Tax Items	\$ 31,679,713	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 31,679,713
Charges for services	961,343	-		-		-		-	961,343
Use of money and property	400,117	-		-		-		992	401,109
Sale of property and									
compensation for loss	2,630	-		-		-		-	2,630
Miscellaneous	523,980			47,537		-		-	571,517
State sources	24,954,364	192,755		12,090		20,159		-	25,179,368
Federal sources	125,822	939,720		331,637		-		-	1,397,179
Sales			_	278,244	-		-		278,244
Total Revenues	58,647,969	1,132,475	_	669,508	_	20,159	-	992	60,471,103
Expenditures									
General support	5,766,100	-		411,436		-		-	6,177,536
Instruction	30,166,980	1,133,278		-		-		-	31,300,258
Pupil transportation	2,880,701	47,386		-		-		-	2,928,087
Employee benefits	14,662,993			129,914		-		-	14,792,907
Debt service									
Principal	3,116,380	-		-		-		-	3,116,380
Interest	808,026	-		-		-		-	808,026
Cost of sales	-	-		282,846		-		-	282,846
Capital outlay			_		_	911,890	_		911,890
Total Expenditures	57,401,180	1,180,664	_	824,196	_	911,890	_	-	60,317,930
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,246,789	(48,189)	_	(154,688)	_	(891,731)	_	992	153,173
Other Financing Sources And (Uses)									
Bond Proceeds	-	-		-		809,834		-	809,834
Interfund Transfers In	-	48,189		138,000		-		-	186,189
Interfund Transfers (Out)	(186,189)		_	-	_	-	_	-	(186,189)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(186,189)	48,189	_	138,000	_	809,834	_		809,834
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures									
and Other (Uses)	1,060,600			(16,688)	_	(81,897)	_	992	963,007
Fund Equity - Beginning of Year	\$ 8,164,457	\$ 	\$_	75,971	\$_	(110,197)	\$_	154,274	\$ 8,284,505
Fund Equity - End of Year	\$ 9,225,057	\$ 	\$_	59,283	\$ _	(192,094)	\$	155,266	\$ 9,247,512

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net changes in fund equity - total governmental funds	\$	963,007
Capital outlays are expenditures in governmental funds, but are capitalized in the statement of net position		1,406,865
The net book value, cost less accumulated depreciation, of capital assets disposed of are removed from the statement of net position. Any gain or loss resulting is recorded in the statement of activities		(453)
Depreciation is not recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is recorded in the statement of activities		(4,531,489)
Long-Term receivables payment received in the current period recorded as a reduction to expense in the statement of activities		(84,852)
Excess cost aid and BOCES aid expected to be received after the availability period are reported as deferred inflows in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities these amounts are recognized as revenue when awarded		312,390
Proceeds from long-term debt are recorded as revenue in the governmental funds, but are recorded as liabilities in the statement of net position		(809,834)
Repayments of long-term debt are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are recorded as payments of liabilities in the statement of net position		3,116,380
Amortization of bond premium is an adjustment to interest expense in the statement of activities		361,237
Amortization of deferred expenses on advanced bond refunding is an adjustment to interest expense in the statement of activities		(121,931)
Accrued post employment benefits do not require the expenditure of current resources and are, therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds		(10,311,763)
Accrued workers compensation expense does not require the expenditure of current resources and are, therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds		(80,723)
Compensated absences do not require the expenditure of current resources and are, therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds		(123,255)
Accrued interest expense does not require the expenditure of current resources and is, therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	_	(28,347)
Change in net position - Governmental activities	\$ _	(9,932,768)

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Agency	-	Private Purpose Trusts
ASSETS Cash - unrestricted Cash - restricted Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$	3,981 153,615 332 1,186	\$	- 108,610 -
Total Assets	\$ =	159,114	\$	108,610
LIABILITIES				
Due to other funds	\$	4,378	\$	-
Other liabilities Extraclassroom activity balances		- 154,736		- -
Total Liabilities	\$	159,114	\$	
NET POSITION	=		•	
Reserved for scholarships			\$	108,610
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNI		CIARY FUNI	os	
				Private
				Purpose Trusts
ADDITIONS			-	Trusts
ADDITIONS Gifts and contributions			\$	-
			\$.	Trusts
Gifts and contributions Total Additions			\$ ₋	Trusts 26,220
Gifts and contributions			\$ <u>.</u>	Trusts 26,220
Gifts and contributions Total Additions DEDUCTIONS Scholarships and awards			\$.	26,220 26,220 24,579
Gifts and contributions Total Additions DEDUCTIONS Scholarships and awards Contractual and other			\$	26,220 26,220 24,579 3,803

Net Position - End of year

108,610

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Averill Park Central School District ("the District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) which is the standards-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District and its component unit. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria, including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of an entity included in the District's reporting entity within its Fiduciary funds:

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office, located at 146 Gettle Rd, Averill Park, NY.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district of the Rensselaer, Columbia, and Greene Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

B. Joint Venture

BOCES are organized under Section 1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (Section 1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section 1950 of the Education Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, programs, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Averill Park Central School District was billed \$4,248,428 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES Aid amounted to \$1,739,177. Of this \$158,498 is included in deferred inflows, see Note 2.B.IV. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

Also, during the year ended June 30, 2015 the District entered into an agreement with BOCES where BOCES will return amounts to the District as a reduction to the administrative levy totaling \$565,677. The amounts were credited over a 5 year period starting in 2015-16. The District was credited \$84,852 in 2019-20. The receivable has been fully collected as of June 30, 2020.

C. Basis of Presentation

District-wide statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column, if any, reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to the particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

C. Basis of Presentation

Fund financial statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

I. Governmental Funds

General Fund

This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid Fund

These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes and other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

School Lunch Fund

Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch and breakfast programs.

Capital Fund

The Capital Fund is used to account for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction or renovation of major capital facilities, or equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligations debt of governmental activities. When a capital asset is sold and all or a portion of the bonds used to finance the capital asset are outstanding, this fund must be used to account for the proceeds from the sale of capital assets up to the balance of related bonds outstanding.

II. Fiduciary Funds

This fund is used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee and agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

C. Basis of Presentation

II. Fiduciary Funds

a. Private Purpose Trust Funds

These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

b. Agency Funds

These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholdings.

D. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

General Information

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable, pensions and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other sources.

E. Refundable Advances

Refundable advances arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for refundable advances is removed and revenue is recognized.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

F. Property Taxes

I. Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and became a lien on August 21. Taxes were collected during the period September 1 through October 31.

II. Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Rensselaer, in which the District is located. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the county for enforcement is paid by the county to the District no later than the following April 1.

G. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

I. Budget Policies

The budget policies are as follows:

- a. The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.
- b. The proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund is approved by the voters within the District.
- c. Appropriations are adopted at the line item level.
- d. Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the year:

From Additional Revenues:	
Expenses associated with supplies	\$ 9,471
Expenses associated with equipment	2,713
Expenses associated with educational programs	23,635
From Reserved Fund Balance:	
Expenses associated with employee benefits	 263,827
Total Supplemental Appropriations	\$ 299,646

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

G. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

I. Budget Policies

- e. Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.
- f. Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

II. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions or assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

III. Budget Basis of Accounting

The District is not required to formally adopt annual budgets for its special revenue funds. Accordingly, although the school lunch fund does have a management approved budget and each special aid fund project follows an approved project budget, no statement of budget and actual revenues and expenditures is presented for the special revenue funds.

H. Cash and Investments

The District investment policies are governed by State statutes. District monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and School Districts. Investments are stated at fair value. Certificates of deposit are classified as investments in these financial statements if their maturity date is 90 days past year-end. There were no investments at June 30, 2020.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

J. Inventories

Inventories of food and supplies in the school lunch fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.

A portion of the fund equity in the amount of these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been identified as not available for other subsequent expenditures.

K. Interfund Transfers

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 2.A.II. for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

L. Equity Classifications

District-wide statements:

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

L. Equity Classifications

Restricted - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - reports the balance of net position that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Fund Statements:

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund equity:

Non-spendable - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund equity includes the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$33,784.

Restricted - Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of all other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General fund are classified as restricted fund equity. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Debt Service

Used to account for the advanced refunding of debt and unspent proceeds of debt restricted for debt service.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, these reserve funds must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Retirement Contribution

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, these reserve funds must be used for financing retirement contributions to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. Effective April 1, 2019, a Board may adopt a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund of up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, with the total amount funded not to exceed 10% of the total covered salaries during the preceding fiscal year. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with the existing General Municipal Law §6-r.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

L. Equity Classifications

Fund statements:

Workers' Compensation

According to General Municipal Law §6-j, these reserve funds must be used to pay compensation and benefits, medical, hospital, or other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law and to pay the expenses of administering a self-insurance workers' compensation program. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year the Board may elect to transfer all or part of the excess amount to certain other reserve funds, or may apply all or part of the excess to the budget appropriation of the next succeeding fiscal year.

Restricted fund equity includes the following:

General Fund:

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	\$ 1,569,823
Retirement Contribution - NYSERS	3,080,685
Retirement Contribution - NYSTRS	467,321
Workers' Compensation	715,039
Debt Service Fund	155,266

Total restricted funds \$ 5,988,134

Committed - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2020.

Assigned - Includes amounts that are constrained by the school district's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund equity represents the residual amount of fund equity. Assigned fund equity also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted as the end of the fiscal year. Fund balance of the school lunch fund of \$25,499 is considered assigned. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as Assigned Fund Equity in the General Fund. Encumbrances reported in the General Fund amounted to \$435,464. Appropriated fund equity in the General Fund amounted to \$780,000.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations.

Purpose of Encumbrances

General Fund	
General Support	\$ 270,366
Instruction	141,674
Other	 23,424
	\$ 435,464

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

L. Equity Classifications

Fund statements:

Unassigned - Includes all other General Fund net amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund equity resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law Section 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund equity of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation. The District did not exceed the 4% limit at June 30, 2020.

Net Position/Fund Balance

Net Position Flow Assumption: Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the district-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption: Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

Order of Use of Fund Equity:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund equity, restricted fund equity, committed fund equity, assigned fund equity and unassigned fund equity at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund equity is determined first and then restricted fund equity for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund equity amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund equity. In the General Fund, committed fund equity is determined next then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund equity cannot cause a negative unassigned fund equity.

M. Postemployment Benefits

In addition to providing the retirement benefits described in Note 2.B.I, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage to its retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of the employment contract negotiated between the District and its employee groups as governed by Board of Education Policy. Substantially all of these employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-employment benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. See Note 4.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) and OPEB subsequent to the measurement date. The fourth item relates to the OPEB reporting in the district wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected experience.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability (TRS and ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second item is related to the OPEB report in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net changes of assumptions or other inputs.

O. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Land and construction in process are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar amount above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	C	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated Useful Life In <u>Years</u>
Land	\$	1,000	N/A	N/A
Construction in Process		10,000	N/A	N/A
Buildings		10,000	SL	30-60
Site improvements		10,000	SL	10-50
Buildings and improvements		10,000	SL	20-60
Furniture and equipment		1,000	SL	5-10

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

P. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

Q. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the government funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

R. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and Districtwide Statements

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items.

The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

R. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and Districtwide Statements

a. Total Fund equity of governmental fund vs. net position of governmental activities:

Total fund equity of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and long-term liabilities including pensions.

 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity vs. Statement of Activities:

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories. The differences represent:

Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and an asset on the Statement of Net Position and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Pension Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and difference between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

OPEB Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, actuarial calculation of net pensions asset/liability, deferred inflows/outflows, potential contingent liabilities, and the lives of long-term assets.

T. Vested Benefits

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based principally on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Sick leave use is based on a last-in, first-out (LIFO) basis.

Upon retirement, employees may receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave, based on contractual provisions.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, an accrual for accumulated sick leave is included in the compensated absences liability at year-end. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the applicable contract rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

U. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2020, the District implemented the following new standard issued by GASB. There was no impact of implementing these new standards:

GASB issued Statement 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, effective for the year ending June 30, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements, effective for the year ending June 30, 2020.

GASB issued Statement 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, effective for the year ending June 30, 2020.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

V. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB issued Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities, effective for the year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement 87, Leases, effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement 90, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Majority Equity Interests, effective for the year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement 91 Conduit Debt Obligations, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB has issued Statement 92, Omnibus 2020, effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, effective dates vary based on specific paragraphs of the statement from the year ending June 30, 2021, 2022 and 2023.

GASB has issued Statement 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB issued Statement 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB issued Statement 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable.

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

I. Cash

Deposits

Deposits are valued at cost or cost plus interest and are categorized as either (1) insured, or for which the securities are held by the District's agent in the District's name, (2) collateralized, and for which the securities are held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name, or (3) uncollateralized. At June 30, 2020 all deposits were fully insured and collateralized by the District's agent in the District's name.

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

I. Cash

Investment and Deposit Policy

The District follows an investment and deposit policy, overall the objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amounts of funds invested or deposited; conformance with Federal, state and other legal requirements; and provide sufficient liquidity of invested funds in order to meet obligations as they become due. Oversight of investment activity is the responsibility of the Business Administrator of the District.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investment will be affected by changing interest rates. The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District's policy is to minimize the risk of loss due to failure of an issuer or other counterparty to an investment to fulfill its obligations. The District's investment and deposit policy authorizes the reporting entity to purchase the following types of investments:

- Certificates of deposit
- Obligations of the United States Treasury and United States agencies
- Obligations of New York State and its localities

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the reporting entity may not recover its deposits. In accordance with the District's investment and deposit policy, all deposits of the District including interest bearing demand accounts and certificates of deposit, in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIC) shall be secured by a pledge of securities with an aggregate value equal to 100% of the aggregate amount of deposits.

The District restricts the securities to the following eligible items:

- Obligations issued, fully insured or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States Treasury and the Unites States agencies.
- Obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by New York State and its localities.
- Obligations issued by other than New York State rated in one of the three highest rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

I. Cash

Restricted Cash

General

Restricted cash of \$5,832,868 at June 30, 2020 consist of \$715,039 restricted for Workers' Compensation Reserve, \$3,080,685 for Retirement Contribution Reserve-NYSERS, \$467,321 for Retirement Contribution Reserve-NYSTRS and \$1,569,823 restricted for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve.

Debt Service

Restricted cash of \$203,759 at June 30, 2020 are restricted for the repayment of debt.

Fiduciary

Restricted cash of \$262,225 at June 30, 2020 consist of \$153,615 restricted for Extraclassroom Activity Funds, and \$108,610 restricted for Scholarships.

II. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. The balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		Interfund <u>Receivable</u>	Interfund <u>Payable</u>	Interfund Revenues	<u>E</u> :	Interfund xpenditures
General Fund Special Aid Fund School Lunch Debt Service Fund Capital Funds	\$	1,978,918 41,234 149,049 51,507	\$ 311,624 311,729 577,002 100,000 917,161	\$ - 48,189 138,000 - -	\$	186,189 - - - - -
Total Government Activities		2,220,708	2,217,516	186,189		186,189
Fiduciary Funds	_	1,186	 4,378			
Total	\$	2,221,894	\$ 2,221,894	\$ 186,189	\$	186,189

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

III. Capital Assets

Governmental Activities Capital assets that are not		Balance July 1, <u>2019</u>		<u>Additions</u>		Impairments/ <u>Deletions</u>		Balance June 30, <u>2020</u>
depreciated: Land	\$	90,062	\$	_	\$	_	\$	90,062
Construction in process Total nondepreciable historical	Ψ	77,390	Ψ	81,932	Ψ		Ψ	159,322
Cost		167,452		81,932				249,384
Capital assets that are depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		98,100,336		257,369		-		98,357,705
Furniture and equipment		9,871,489		1,067,564		448,707		10,490,346
Total depreciable historical cost		107,971,825		1,324,933		448,707		108,848,051
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements		47,162,080		3,387,442		-		50,549,522
Machinery and equipment		5,501,770		1,144,047		448,254		6,197,563
Total accumulated Depreciation		52,663,850		4,531,489		448,254		56,747,085
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	55,475,427	\$	(3,124,624)	\$	453	\$	52,350,350

Depreciation expense of \$4,531,489 for the year ended June 30, 2020 was allocated to specific functions as follows:

General	\$ 669,	252
Instruction	3,525,	474
Pupil transportation	336,	763
	\$ 4,531,	489

B. Liabilities

I. Pension Plans

General Information

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Collectively, TRS and ERS are referred to herein as the "Systems". These are cost-sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death and disability.

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

B. Liabilities

I. Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

Teachers' Retirement System

The TRS is administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The system is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in the New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The New York State TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report and additional information may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSSTR Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

Employees' Retirement System

The New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (The Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report and additional information may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244-0001 or found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

B. Liabilities

I. Pension Plans

Contributions

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976 who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length or service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board establishes rates annually for TRS.

The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	ER	<u>S</u>	<u>TRS</u>
2019-20	\$ 1,021	,	2,013,510
2018-19	\$ 1,083	3,938 \$	2,319,656
2017-18	\$ 922	2,849 \$	2,143,253

The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required for each year.

Pension Liabilities

At June 30, 2020, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS. The total net pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2019 for ERS and June 30, 2018 for TRS. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS systems in reports provided to the District.

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2019	June 30, 2018
Net pension asset/(liability)	\$(5,943,213)	\$3,399,661
District's portion of the Plan's		
total net pension asset/(liability)	.0224437%	.130857%

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

B. Liabilities

I. Pension Plans

Pension Expense (Credit)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized its proportionate share of pension expense of \$2,017,612 for ERS and \$4,200,456 for TRS.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected		ERS	TRS		<u>ERS</u>		TRS
and actual experiences Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected	\$ I	349,782 119,668	\$ 2,303,863 6,422,414	\$	- 103,331	\$	252,805 1,565,966
and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between		3,046,780	-		-		2,726,353
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions subsequent to the		232,064	283,546		35,915		186,535
measurement date ['] Total	\$	340,657 4,088,951	2,013,704 \$11,023,527	\$	- 139,246	\$	- 4,731,659

District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension (liability)/asset in the year ended March 31, 2021 for ERS and June 30, 2020 for TRS. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized within pension expense as follows:

	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
Year ended:		
2020	\$ -	\$ 1,535,992
2021	643,769	95,530
2022	966,831	1,530,417
2023	1,146,458	1,030,141
2024	911,990	162,863
Thereafter	-	(76,779)

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

B. Liabilities

I. Pension Plans

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension (liability)/asset as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension (liability)/asset to the measurement date. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2019	June 30, 2018
Interest Rate	6.8%	7.10%
Salary Scale	4.2%	1.9% - 4.72%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2010 -	July 1, 2009 -
	March 31, 2015	June 30, 2014
	System's Experience	System's Experience
Inflation rate Projected Cost of Living	2.5%	2.20%
Adjustments	1.3% annually	1.3% annually

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2018. The previous actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2018 used the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014.

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

B. Liabilities

I. Pension Plans

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of the measurement date are summarized below:

<u>ERS</u>	Target Allocation 2020	Long-term expected Real rate of return* 2020
Asset Class:		
Domestic equity	36%	4.05%
International equity	14	6.15
Private equity	10	6.75
Real estate	10	4.59
Absolute return strategies(1)	2	3.25
Opportunistic portfolio	3	4.65
Real assets	3	5.95
Bonds and mortgages	17	0.75
Cash	1	0.00
Inflation-Indexed bonds	4	0.50
Total	<u>100%</u>	

^{*} Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5% for 2020. (1) Excludes equity-oriented and long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity, respectively.

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

B. Liabilities

I. Pension Plans

TRS	Target Allocation 2019	Long-term expected Real rate of return* 2019
Asset Class:		
Domestic equity	33%	6.3%
International equity	16	7.8
Global equity	4	7.2
Real estate equity	11	4.6
Private equity	8	9.9
Domestic fixed income	16	1.3
Global bonds	2	0.9
High-yield bonds	1	3.6
Private debt	1	6.5
Real estate debt	7	2.9
High-yield fixed income securities	1	0.3
Total	<u>100%</u>	

^{*} Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.2% for 2019.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension (liability)/asset was 6.8% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension (liability)/asset.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Liability)/Asset to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension (liability)/asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.8% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.8% for ERS and 6.10% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.8% for ERS and 8.10% for TRS) than the current rate:

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

B. Liabilities

I. Pension Plans

ERS	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	<u>(5.8%)</u>	(6.8%)	<u>(7.8%)</u>
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (10,907,475)	\$ (5,943,213)	\$(1,371,108)
TRS	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(6.10%)	(7.10%)	(8.10%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$(15,345,715)	\$ 3,399,661	\$19,124,916

Changes of Assumptions

Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected service lives of all employees that are provided with pension benefits.

Collective Pension Expense

Collective pension expense includes certain current period changes in the collective net pension liability, projected earnings on pension plan investments, and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period. The collective pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 is \$2,119,724 for ERS and \$4,202,203 for TRS.

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$340,657.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2020 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$2,067,531.

Other Benefits

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under the Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b) and 457.

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

B. Liabilities

II. Indebtedness

Short-Term Debt

Bond Anticipation Notes

Notes issued in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds are recorded as a current liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the bonds. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. There was no short-term debt at June 30, 2020.

Long-Term Debt

Serial Bonds

The District borrows money in order to acquire or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities are full faith and credit debt of the District. The provision to be made in future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amount, exclusive of interest, authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for liquidation of the long-term liabilities.

Interest on long-term debt was comprised of:

Interest paid	\$ 808,026
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(39,979)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	68,326
Less amortization of bond premium	(361,237)
Plus amortization of deferred expense	 121,931
Total Expense	\$ 597,067

Long-Term Obligations

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Further, unmatured principal of general long-term debt does not require current appropriation and expenditure of governmental fund financial resources.

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

B. Liabilities

II. Indebtedness

Changes

The changes in indebtedness during the year ended June 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

		Balance July 1	<u> </u>	dditions	<u>Deletions</u>		Balance June 30
Serial Bonds Unamortized Premiums	\$	17,830,000 1,896,524	\$	-	\$ 2,380,000 361,237	\$	15,450,000 1,535,287
Less: Unamortized Loss							
Refunding*	_	(382,172)			 (121,931)		(260,241)
Total Bonds		19,344,352		-	2,619,306		16,725,046
Statutory Bonds		2,277,467		809,834	736,380		2,350,921
Compensated Absences		1,833,650		316,334	193,079		1,956,905
Workers Compensation Other Postemployment		634,316		80,723	-		715,039
Benefits (see Note 4)	_	<u>131,044,561</u>	3	1,523,098	 3,312,091	_	159,255,568
Total	\$	<u>155,134,346</u>	\$ 3	2,729,989	\$ 6,860,856	\$	181,003,479

Additions and deletions to compensated absences is shown net since it is impractical to determine these amounts separately.

The above liabilities are liquidated by the general fund.

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$6,780,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

^{*}This item is recorded as a deferred outflow on the statement of net position.

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

B. Liabilities

II. Indebtedness

Maturity

The following is a summary of maturity of indebtedness:

Description of Issue	Original Issue <u>Date</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Outstanding June 30, 2020
Serial Bonds \$19.5 million Construction -				
Refunding	2005	2023	3.75%-4.125%	\$ 2,770,000
\$13.1 million Excel I - Refunding	2010	2024	4.875%-5.00%	3,885,000
\$10.4 million Excel II	2017	2032	2.34%	8,795,000
Total Serial Bonds				<u>\$ 15,450,000</u>
Installment Obligation \$604,324	2015	2020	2.00%	120,864
Installment Obligation \$911,161	2016	2021	1.68%	364,465
Installment Obligation \$798,878	2017	2022	2.27%	479,328
Installment Obligation \$720,538	2019	2023	2.89%	576,430
Installment Obligation \$809,834	2020	2024	2.11%	809,834
Total Statutory Bonds				\$ 2,350,921

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements for general obligation bonds and notes:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	1	<u>Premium</u>	<u>Total</u>
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2033	\$ 3,223,946 3,178,083 3,100,853 2,071,073 926,966 800,000 4,500,000	\$ 722,824 623,878 514,683 402,350 306,667 265,000 688,750	\$	342,621 298,293 252,197 204,192 159,967 90,821 187,196	\$ 4,289,391 4,100,254 3,867,733 2,677,615 1,393,600 1,155,821 5,375,946
Total	\$ 17,800,921	\$ 3,524,152	\$	1,535,287	\$ 22,860,360

III. Constitutional Debt Limit

The constitution of the State of New York limits the amount of indebtedness which may be issued by the District. Basically, the District may issue indebtedness to the extent that the aggregate outstanding debt issues which are subject to such limit does not exceed 10% of the full valuation of taxable real estate within the District. At June 30, 2020, the District has exhausted 11.42% of its constitutional debt limit.

The voters have authorized the following debt which was unissued at June 30, 2020; \$695,750 to finance the acquisition of vehicles.

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

B. Liabilities

II. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources on the balance sheet - governmental funds arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current periods and is contingent on future outcomes not expected to occur within the availability period.

3. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Risk Financing and Related Insurance

General Information

The Averill Park Central School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

Workers' Compensation Insurance

The District is self-insured for workers' compensation benefits on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District has contracted with Benetech, Inc. as a third-party administrator of the District's workers' compensation insurance program. Under the program, the District is responsible for paying all claims. Some qualifying claim payments made by the District are reimbursed through excess cost insurance or through various funds administered by the New York State Workers' Compensation Board. The District purchases workers' compensation insurance coverage for paid workers' compensation claims in excess of \$600,000 per individual occurrence through the Statewide Excess Insurance Purchasing Cooperative.

The District establishes workers compensation claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, referred to as Claim Reserve and of claims that have been incurred but not reported, referred to as IBNR. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Because actual claims costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims cost projections does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims cost projections are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claims frequency, and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflect past inflation and on other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience.

The District budgets current funds to pay for ongoing claims expense. The District has also established a Workers' Compensation Reserve with a balance of \$715,039 as of June 30, 2020 to fund future claims and as cash flow protection in the event of a significant claim occurrence. Further, the District expects to be fully reimbursed through excess cost insurance on an individual claim with a current claim reserve of \$68,892 which is included in the balance of unpaid claims as of June 30, 2020.

3. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Risk Financing and Related Insurance

The following represents changes in those aggregate liabilities for the District during the past two years:

Workers' Compensation Insurance

	2020	<u>2019</u>
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at beginning of year Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	\$ 634,316 57,180	\$ 946,096 21,450
Increase (decrease) in provision for incurred events of prior years (Claim Reserve)	153,425	(170,694)
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	844,921	 796,852
Payments made for claims during the current year Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at	 (129,882)	 (162,536)
end of year	\$ 715,039	\$ 634,316

Health Insurance Plan

The District entered on July 1, 2017 as a member of the Capital Area Schools Health Insurance Consortium (the "Consortium"), which is a trust formed under New York State Law on May 1, 1994. The Consortium is considered a public entity risk pool which is defined as a cooperative group of governmental entities joining together to finance an exposure, liability or risk, and is tax-exempt under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Consortium is governed by a trust agreement and a board of trustees who execute the provisions of the Trust, as set forth in the agreement. The Consortium has contracted with Amsure Associates for third party administration.

The Consortium was formed to allow its member school districts to obtain health insurance and prescription drug benefits at lower cost through a pooled purchasing arrangement. The Consortium procures group insurance contracts with insurance carriers for medical, prescription drug and dental benefits, in which the Consortium is not liable for any medical, prescription drug or dental claims. However, the Consortium also maintains a self-insured prescription drug plan for which the individual Consortium members are liable for any claims in excess of the balances maintained by the Consortium. As of June 30, 2020, the District's prescription drug plan account balance maintained by the Consortium is approximately \$1.9 million. The Consortium also maintains an account balance for the District of \$191,686 to fund supplemental premium payments that may be required under the retrospective funding arrangement in place for one of the insurance contracts.

The District has chosen to establish a self-funded prescription drug benefit program for all eligible employees. The pharmacy benefit manager, Blue Shield of Northeastern New York, is responsible for the approval, processing and payment of claims, after which they bill the District for reimbursement. The District is also responsible for a monthly administrative fee. The benefit program reports on a fiscal year ending June 30. The program is accounted for in the General Fund of the District. At year-end, the District has a liability of \$0. With electronic claims

3. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Risk Financing and Related Insurance

submissions, all incurred claims are reported within two weeks, and have been included within the fiscal year's claims, effectively representing reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before year-end, but which were not paid by the District as of that date. Claims activity is summarized below for the past fiscal year and when available in future years, comparative data will also be reported:

Claims and Administration Fees Claim Payments	\$ 3,727,864 (3,727,864)
Estimated Incurred but not reported as of June 30	<u> </u>
Balance at End of Year	\$ _

B. Other Items

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

4. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The District administers a defined benefit OPEB plan and provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan (the Plan). The Plan provides Article 11 of the State Compiled Statues which grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District's Board, subject to applicable collective bargaining and employment agreements, and Board of Education policy. The Plan does not issue a separate financial report since there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the Plan. No assets are accumulated in trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75.

2019-20

4. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Funding Policy

The obligations of the Plan members and employers are established by action of the District pursuant to applicable collective bargaining and other employment agreements. Employees contribute varying percentages of the premiums, depending on when they retired and their applicable agreement. Employees are required to reach age 55 and have 5 to 16 years of service to qualify for other postemployment benefits. The District currently funds the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the year ended June 30, 2020, \$3,312,091 was paid on behalf of 372 retirees.

Benefits Provided

The District provides for continuation of medical and/or Medicare Part B benefits for certain retirees and their spouses. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. Retirees and their spouses receive benefits for the lifetime of the retired employee. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit	372
payments Active plan members	<u>393</u>
Total Plan Members	<u>765</u>

Net OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of was measured as of June 30, 2020; the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability at the actuarial valuation date was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.60% (Based on CPI-2017 OASDI Trustee Report)

Salary increases 2.60% (including inflation)

Discount Rate 2.21% (Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year

Municipal Index)

Healthcare cost trend rates

Pre-Medicare 6.10% scaling down to 4.10% over 57 years.

Medicare N/A

4. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Mortality rates were based on RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2018.

Retirement participation rate assumed that 100% of future retirees eligible for coverage will elect the benefit and 20% of future spouses of retirees eligible for coverage will elect the benefit. Marriage assumption, it was assumed that 80% of future retirees will be married, with male spouses assumed to be 3 years older than female spouses. For current retirees, actual census information was used. Additionally, a tiered approach based on age and years of service was used to determine retirement rate assumption.

Termination rates are based on tables used by the New York State Teachers' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Retirement System. Rates are tiered based on the percentage of employees who will terminate employment at any given age each year, for reasons other than death or retirement.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer GO 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

Changes in the District's net OPEB liability were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability [a]	Plan Fiduciary Net Position [b]	Net OPEB Liability [a] - [b]
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$131,044,561	\$ -	\$131,044,561
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	4,142,922	-	4,142,922
Interest	4,674,099	-	4,674,099
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-
Effect of demographic gains or			
losses	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions or other			
inputs (change in discount rate)	22,706,077	-	22,706,077
Benefit payments	(3,312,091)	-	(3,312,091)
Administrative expense			
Net changes	28,211,007		28,211,007
Balances, June 30, 2020	\$159,255,568	\$ -	\$159,255,568

Changes of benefit terms reflect changes in assumptions and other inputs including a change in the discount rate from 3.50% in 2019 to 2.21% in 2020.

4. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's total OPEB liability, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.21%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	<u>(1.21%)</u>	<u>(2.21%)</u>	<u>(3.21%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$191,754,081	\$159,255,568	\$133,872,111

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's total OPEB liability, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.10% decreasing to 4.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.10% decreasing to 5.10%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(5.10%	(6.10%	(7.10%
	Decreasing to	Decreasing	Decreasing
	<u>3.10%)</u>	<u>to 4.10%)</u>	to 5.10%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$128,070,136	\$159,255,568	\$201,015,938

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$10,346,140. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 eferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Amounts recognized in OPEB expense	\$	856,507 -	\$ -
Changes of assumptions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	18,857,589 - 19,714,096	\$ (11,272,715) - (11,272,715)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

4. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Year Ending June 30,	
2021	\$ 1,529,119
2022	1,529,119
2023	1,529,119
2024	1,529,119
2025	2,321,410
Thereafter	3,495

5. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The Capital Projects fund had a fund deficit of \$192,094. This deficit will be removed when the District transfers funds from local sources.

6. TAX ABATEMENTS

The County of Rensselaer enters into various property tax and sales tax (if applicable) abatement programs for the purpose of economic development. No tax abatements were entered into during June 30, 2020 that impact the District.

7. LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The District leases certain equipment (computers and related equipment, printer and copiers) under the terms of non-cancelable leases.

Minimum annual rentals for each of the remaining years of the lease are the following for the fiscal years ended June 30:

2021	\$ 259,535
2022	212,825
2023	159,193
2024	127,582
2025	37,895

8. CONTINGENCY

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease, to be a pandemic. It is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the District's financial condition, liquidity, and future operations. The District's operations are heavily dependent on real property taxes and state aid. Additionally, access to grants, funding and contracts from federal, state, and local governments may decrease or may not be available depending on appropriations. The outbreak will likely have a continued material adverse impact on the economy and cost of education. In August 2020 the Governor signed legislation that provides financial flexibility to school districts as a result of the pandemic. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through September 22, 2020, which is the date these financial statements were issued. All subsequent events requiring recognition or disclosure as of June 30, 2020 have been incorporated into these financial statements.

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Adopted Budget	•		Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues						
Local Sources						
Real property taxes	\$ 31,664,969	\$ -	\$ 31,664,969	\$ 31,664,969	\$ 31,632,702	\$ (32,267)
Other tax items	50,000	=	50,000	50,000	47,011	(2,989)
Charges for services	839,821	-	839,821	843,944	961,343	117,399
Use of money and property	324,400	-	324,400	324,400	400,117	75,717
Sale of property and compensation for loss	1,000	-	1,000	1,000	2,630	1,630
Miscellaneous	310,000		310,000	341,696	523,980	182,284
Total Local Sources	33,190,190	-	33,190,190	33,226,009	33,567,783	341,774
State sources	25,120,234	-	25,120,234	25,120,234	24,954,364	(165,870)
Federal sources	75,000	-	75,000	75,000	125,822	50,822
Other Sources						
Transfers from other funds	-		. <u>-</u>	<u> </u>		
Total Revenue and Other Sources	58,385,424	-	58,385,424	58,421,243	\$ 58,647,969	\$ 226,726
Appropriated Fund Equity						
Prior Year's Encumbrances	-	456,589	456,589	456,589		
Appropriated reserves	500,000	-	500,000	763,827		
Appropriated fund balance	780,000		780,000	780,000		
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 59,665,424	\$ 456,589	\$ 60,122,013	\$ 60,421,659		

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Adopted Budget	Prior Year Encumbrances	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Year-End Encumbrances		Final Budget Variance With Actual and Encumbrances
Expenditures				-		_			-	
General Support										
Board of education	\$ 36,537	\$	\$ 36,537	\$	51,588	\$	40,566	\$ -	\$	11,022
Central administration	392,715	5,030	397,745		416,238		410,852	-		5,386
Finance	646,292	128,510	774,802		862,247		829,698	1,069		31,480
Staff	405,283	2,500	407,783		425,133		411,621	2,650		10,862
Central services	2,984,008	202,113	3,186,121		3,552,002		3,120,235	266,647		165,120
Special items	932,939		932,939		987,028	_	953,128			33,900
Total General Support	5,397,774	338,153	5,735,927	-	6,294,236	_	5,766,100	270,366		257,770
Instruction										
Instruction, administration and improvement	1,598,333	3,304	1,601,637		1,726,887		1,614,384	-		112,503
Teaching - regular school	17,128,015	61,435	17,189,450		16,981,475		16,571,675	62,056		347,744
Programs for children with handicapping conditions	7,145,655	5,912	7,151,567		7,337,849		6,879,250	19,424		439,175
Occupational education	739,108	-	739,108		713,036		713,036	-		-
Teaching - special school	54,132	-	54,132		56,201		44,332	-		11,869
Instructional media	1,597,796	29,810	1,627,606		1,733,017		1,647,346	29,027		56,644
Pupil services	2,839,129	17,975	2,857,104	-	2,915,464	_	2,696,957	31,167	-	187,340
Total Instruction	31,102,168	118,436	31,220,604		31,463,929	_	30,166,980	141,674		1,155,275
Other								-		
Pupil transportation	3,078,074	-	3,078,074		3,142,665		2,880,701	23,424		238,540
Community services	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
Employee benefits	16,112,806	-	16,112,806		15,408,227		14,662,993	-		745,234
Debt Service - Principal	3,116,380	-	3,116,380		3,116,380		3,116,380	-		-
Debt Service - Interest	808,222	-	808,222	-	808,222	_	808,026		-	196
Total Other	23,115,482	-	23,115,482		22,475,494	_	21,468,100	23,424		983,970
Total Expenditures	59,615,424	456,589	60,072,013		60,233,659		57,401,180	435,464		2,397,015
Other Financing Uses										
Transfers to other funds	50,000	-	50,000	-	188,000	_	186,189	-	-	1,811
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 59,665,424	\$ 456,589	\$ 60,122,013	\$	60,421,659	\$ _	57,587,369	\$ 435,464	\$	2,398,826

Net Change in fund balance Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending \$ 1,060,600 8,164,457 \$ 9,225,057

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>2020</u>	Fisc	al Year Ending 2019	<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB Liability Measurement date	6/30/2020		6/30/2019	6/30/2018
Service cost	\$ 4,142,922	\$	5,556,022	\$ 5,060,746
Interest on total OPEB liability	4,674,099		4,336,555	4,130,949
Effect of plan changes	-		(973,551)	-
Effect of demographic gains or losses	-		979,944	282,839
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	22,706,077		(16,282,811)	-
Benefit payments	 (3,312,091)		(3,111,804)	 (3,120,741)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	28,211,007		(9,495,645)	6,353,793
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	 131,044,561		140,540,206	 134,186,413
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$ 159,255,568	\$	131,044,561	\$ 140,540,206
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 23,537,030	\$	23,537,030	\$ 28,306,308
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	676.62%		556.76%	496.50%

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled this presentation will only include information for those years for which information is available. Additionally the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date as disclosed in the footnotes.

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ERS Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years												
		2020		2019		2018		2017		<u>2016</u>		2015
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.02%		0.02%		0.02%		0.02%		0.02%		0.02%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	5,943,213	\$	1,606,649	\$	726,454	\$	2,203,992	\$	3,834,738	\$	804,227
Covered-employee payroll	\$	8,164,824	\$	8,056,166	\$	6,663,551	\$	7,411,942	\$	7,533,893	\$	6,861,721
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		73%		20%		11%		30%		51%		12%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		86.39%		98.24%		98.24%		94.7%		90.7%		97.9%
TRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years												
		2020		<u>2019</u>		2018		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.13%		0.13%		0.14%		0.13%		0.13%		0.13%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)												
perision liability (asset)	\$	(3,399,661)	\$ ((2,420,005)	\$	(1,030,584)	\$	1,426,129	\$	(13,641,206)	\$	(14,413,357)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	(3,399,661)		(2,420,005)		(1,030,584) 21,799,460	\$	1,426,129 21,948,466	\$	(13,641,206) 20,546,918	\$	(14,413,357) 19,511,261
, ,		, , ,		, , ,		, , ,		, ,		, , ,		, , , ,

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled this presentation will only include information for those years for which information is available. Additionally the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of each plans measurement date as

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2020		<u>2019</u>		2018		2017		2016	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,023,697	\$	979,728	\$	961,701	\$	1,044,669	\$	1,189,507	\$ 1,308,693
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,023,697)		(979,728)	_	(961,701)	_	(1,044,669)	_	(1,189,507)	 (1,308,693)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$	8,164,824	\$	8,056,166	\$	6,663,551	\$	7,411,942	\$	7,533,893	\$ 6,861,721
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.54%		12.16%		14.43%		14.09%		15.79%	19.07%
TRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years											
		2020		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,319,629	\$	2,136,347	\$	2,518,138	\$	2,724,521	\$	3,458,291	\$ 3,105,875
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(2,319,629)		(2,136,347)	_	(2,518,138)		(2,724,521)		(3,458,291)	 (3,105,875)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	-	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$	22,709,843	\$	22,585,183	\$	21,799,460	\$	21,948,466	\$	20,546,918	\$ 19,511,261
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		10.21%		9.46%		11.55%		12.41%		16.83%	15.92%

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled this presentation will only include information for those years for which information is available. Additionally the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of each plans measurement date as disclosed in the footnotes.

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND SCHEDULE OF THE SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget

Add: Prior year's encumbrances			-	456,589				
Original Budget				60,122,013				
Additions: Budget Amendments				299,646				
Final Budget			\$	60,421,659				
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION 2020-2021 [subsequent year's] voter-approved expenditure budget \$ 60,993,612								
Maximum allowed (4% of 2020-21 [subsequent year's] budget General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real F	,	Tax Law*:		2,439,744				
Unrestricted Fund Balance: Committed Fund Balance Assigned Fund Balance Unassigned Fund Balance Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	\$ - \$	- 1,215,464 2,176,725 3,392,189	_					
Less:								

Appropriated Fund Balance 780,000

Tax Reduction Reserve Insurance Recovery Reserve Encumbrances included in Committed and Assigned

Fund Balance 435,464

Total Adjustments \$ 1,215,464

General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of

Real Property Tax Law \$ 2,176,725

Actual percentage 3.57%

59,665,424

^{*} Per office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," Updated April 2011 (Originally Issued November 2010), the portion of [General Fund] fund balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES -CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

								Methods of Financing				
					Expenditures							Fund Equity
Project Title	SED Project Number	Original Appropriation	Revised Appropriation	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Unexpended Balance	State Sources	Local Sources	Financed Sources	Total	(Deficiency) June 30, 2020
Excel II Project \$12.9 million												
Algonquin Middle School	0009-009	\$ 693,600	\$ 406,842	\$ 406,842	\$ -	\$ 406,842	\$ -	\$ 157,001 \$	-	\$ 406,842	\$ 563,843	\$ 157,001
Algonquin Middle School	0009-010	889,000	806,282	806,282	-	806,282	-	-	-	806,282	806,282	-
Averill Park High School	0001-009	1,166,000	1,086,361	1,086,361	-	1,086,361	-	-	-	1,086,361	1,086,361	-
Averill Park High School	0001-010	6,185,300	5,892,454	5,892,454	-	5,892,454	-	200,000	-	5,692,454	5,892,454	-
Averill Park High School	0001-011	-	1,018,711	1,018,711	-	1,018,711	-	-	-	1,018,711	1,018,711	-
Averill Park High School	0001-012	-	239,646	239,646	-	239,646	-	-	-	239,646	239,646	-
George Washington Elementary School	0017-006	167,400	265,631	265,631	-	265,631	-	-	-	265,631	265,631	-
George Washington Elementary School	0017-007	174,000	25,548	25,548	-	25,548	-	-	-	25,548	25,548	-
Miller Hill Elementary School	0010-005	612,500	523,328	523,328	-	523,328	-	100,000	-	423,328	523,328	-
Miller Hill Elementary School	0010-006	525,000	550,975	550,975	-	550,975	-	-	-	550,975	550,975	-
Miller Hill Elementary School	0010-007	316,600	187,327	187,327	-	187,327	-	-	-	187,327	187,327	-
Miller Hill Elementary School	0010-008	427,000	279,051	279,051	-	279,051	-	-	-	279,051	279,051	-
Poestenkill Elementary School	0004-006	343,000	442,974	442,974	-	442,974	-	-	-	442,974	442,974	-
Poestenkill Elementary School	0004-007	301,900	298,224	298,224	-	298,224	-	-	-	298,224	298,224	-
Poestenkill Elementary School	0004-008	150,000	216,715	216,715	-	216,715	-	-	-	216,715	216,715	-
Poestenkill Elementary School	0004-009	-	66,238	52,886	-	52,886	13,352	-	-	66,238	66,238	13,352
Transportation Center	5016-004	413,000	267,411	267,411	-	267,411	-	-	-	267,411	267,411	-
Transportation Center	5016-005	105,000	35,788	35,788	-	35,788	-	-	-	35,788	35,788	-
West Sand Lake Elementary School	0006-008	349,100	92,641	92,641	-	92,641	-	-	-	92,641	92,641	-
West Sand Lake Elementary School	0006-009	81,600	197,853	197,853	-	197,853	-	-	-	197,853	197,853	-
Capital Project Pre-referendum Planning		-	-	42,075	81,932	124,007	-	-	-	-	-	(124,007)
School Bus & Equipment Purchases Smart Schools Bond Act Projects		3,681,861	3,681,861	3,645,990	809,800	4,455,790	35,906	-	-	4,491,736	4,491,736	35,946
Wireless Access & Distance Learning		1,085,055	1,085,055	1,085,055	20,158	1,105,213	-	1,105,213	-	-	1,105,213	-
Security Enhancements		-	-	35,316	-	35,316	(35,316)	-	-	-	-	(35,316)
Transfer to Other Funds				239,070		239,070						(239,070)
Totals		\$17,666,916	\$17,666,916_	\$_17,934,154_	\$911,890_	\$18,846,044	\$13,942_	\$1,562,214\$		\$17,091,736_	\$18,653,950_	\$(192,094)

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS JUNE 30, 2020

Capital Assets, Net		\$	52,350,350
Add:			
Deferred Bond Costs	\$260,24	41_	260,241
Deduct:			
Bond anticipation note Short-term portion of bonds payable Long-term portion of bonds payable Premium on bonds	\$ - 3,223,9 [,] 14,576,9 [,] 1,535,2 [,]	75	
			19,336,208
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$	33,274,383



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Averill Park Central School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Averill Park Central School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 22, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Latham, NY

September 22, 2020

Marvin and Company, P.C.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Averill Park Central School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Averill Park Central School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Averill Park Central School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Averill Park Central School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Averill Park Central School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Marvin and Company, P.C.

Latham, NY September 22, 2020

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Cluster Title/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Passed Through To Subrecipient	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education	Number	Number	Subrecipient	Experiorates
Passed Through New York State Education Department:				
Special Education Cluster				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	0032-19-0756		\$ 191
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	0032-20-0756		678,662
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	0033-20-0756		40,240
Total Special Education Cluster				719,093
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-19-2575		1,368
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-20-2575		151,103
Title IV Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.424	0204-20-2575		9,711
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	0147-19-2575		3,584
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	0147-20-2575		54,861
Total U.S. Department of Education				939,720
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through New York State Education Department:				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	Not Applicable		162,881
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	Not Applicable		51,758
School Breakfast Program	10.553	Not Applicable		43,836
COVID-19 School Breakfast Program	10.553	Not Applicable		27,367
Food Distribution	10.555	Not Applicable		45,795
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				331,637
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				331,637
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 1,271,357

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2020

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the Averill Park Central School District (District), which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the District financial statements. Federal awards that are included in the Schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies.

The information presented in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). This Schedule only presents a selected portion of the operations of the District.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

The federal expenditures are recognized under the Uniform Guidance.

3. SCOPE OF AUDIT

The Averill Park Central School District is an independent municipal corporation. All federal grant operations of the District are included in the scope of the single audit.

4. NON-CASH ASSISTANCE

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District received food commodities totaling \$47,795.

5. INDIRECT COST RATE

The Averill Park Central School District did not elect to use the 10% de minimus cost rate.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. The District's policy is not to charge federal award programs with indirect costs.

AVERILL PARK CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements			
Type of auditor's report issued		unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		yes	X_no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identifi 		ves	X none reported
3			
Noncompliance material to financial state	ements noted?	yes	X_no
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs:			
 Material weakness(es) identified?)	yes	X_no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identifi 	ed?	yes	X none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compl	unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are requ	uired to be reported in		
accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		yes	X_no
accordance with 2 of 11 200.5 (a):		ycs _	<u>X</u> 110
Identification of major programs:			
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
10.553 and 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster		
10.555 and 10.555	Office Natifical Glaster		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	een type A and type B programs:	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X_yes	no
Section I	I: Financial Statement Findings		
Finalizate valeta de tra finalizate de tetra			
Findings related to the financial statemen Government Auditing Standards:	ts wnich are required to be reported in ac	ccordance with	
None			
Section III: Federal Awa	ard Findings and Questioned Costs		
Findings and questioned costs related to accordance with the Uniform Guidance 2		reported in	
None			
Summary Schedule of prior auditing fi	ndings		
None			